ratus to separate a demodulation reference signal DMRS of a first user terminal and a sounding reference signal SRS of a second user terminal, transmitted on a same time domain resource, by a code division multiple access methodology.

[0065] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to apply an orthogonal cover code over the reference signal sequences, wherein an increased amount of demodulation reference signal DMRS and sounding reference signal SRS resources is obtained.

[0066] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to apply uplink channel sounding based on a combination of SRS and DMRS, wherein one or more reference signal RS symbols are used for the combination of SRS and DMRS.

[0067] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to apply uplink channel sounding based on an SRS symbol and a combination of SRS and DMRS.

[0068] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to apply uplink channel sounding and SRS based on a single symbol combination of SRS and DMRS.

[0069] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to determine the power offset by separate power controlling applied separately for DMRS and SRS.

[0070] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to drop the reference signal sequence part used for the channel sounding, if the power of a combined DMRS SRS symbol exceeds a maximum transmission power.

[0071] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to, if the power of a combined DMRS SRS symbol exceeds a maximum transmission power, autonomously reduce the transmission power used for the reference signal sequence part used for the channel sounding, wherein transmission power reduction is defined by means of a relationship between a total configured maximum output power of the user terminal and an instantaneous transmission power of DMRS and SRS parts according to a following equation:

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where i is a symbol index,  $\hat{P}_{CMAX}$  is a linear value of the total configured maximum output power of the user terminal (302),  $\hat{P}_{DMRS}$  is the linear value of a DMRS part, and  $\hat{P}_{SRS}$  is the linear value of an SRS part, respectively.

[0072] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, there is provided an apparatus comprising at least one processor; and at least one memory including a computer program code configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to receive, from a user terminal (302), a demodulation reference signal DMRS and a sounding reference signal SRS in a same time domain resource, wherein a single reference signal sequence is used both for demodulation and detection of a data channel, and for channel sound-

ing, such that a reference signal sequence part used for the demodulation and detection of the data channel is in a power offset compared to a reference signal sequence part used for the channel sounding.

[0073] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to provide code division multiplexing parameters defined for multiplexing between the demodulation reference signal DMRS and the sounding reference signal SRS, wherein a demodulation reference signal DMRS of a first user terminal and a sounding reference signal SRS of a second user terminal, transmitted on a same time domain resource, are separated by a code division multiple access methodology.

[0074] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to apply an orthogonal cover code over the reference signal sequences, wherein an increased amount of demodulation reference signal DMRS and sounding reference signal SRS resources is obtained.

[0075] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured to, with the at least one processor, cause the apparatus to allocate orthogonal resources to adjacent cells and/or collaborated multipoint COMP clusters in order to alleviate inter-cell interference.

[0076] According to yet another exemplary embodiment, a computer program product comprises program code means adapted to perform any one of the method steps when the program is run on a computer.

[0077] It will be obvious to a person skilled in the art that, as the technology advances, the inventive concept can be implemented in various ways. The invention and its embodiments are not limited to the examples described above but may vary within the scope of the claims.

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

[0078] 3GPP 3rd generation partnership project AMC adaptive modulation and coding BW bandwidth CDM code division multiplexing CM cubic metric COMP collaborated multipoint CS cyclic shift DL downlink DMRS demodulation reference signal FDPS frequency domain packet scheduler LTE long term evolution

## LTE-A LTE-advanced

[0079] MIMO multiple-input multiple-output MU-MIMO multi-user MIMO OC orthogonal cover PAPR peak-to-average power ratio PDCCH physical downlink control channel PMI pre-coding matrix indicator PRB physical resource block PUCCH physical uplink control channel PUSCH physical uplink shared channel RAN radio access network RRC radio resource control RS reference signal